

A:

Division:

INSTRUCTIONAL

EFFECTIVE: SEPTEMBER 2004 CURRICULUM GUIDELINES

SEPTEMBER 2004

В:	Department / PSYCHOLOGY Program Area: FACULTY OF H SOCIAL SCIENCE			HUMANITIES &	Revision X		New Course		
					If Revision,	Section(s)	C, H		
					Revised: Date of Prev	ious Revision:	ОСТОІ	BER 2001	
					Date of Curr	ent Revision:	APRIL	2004	
C:	PSYC 33	365	D:	THE PSYCHO	LOGY OF LI	EARNING	E :	3	
Subject & Co		urse No.		Des	Descriptive Title			Semester Credits	

Effective Date:

F: Calendar Description: This course provides an introduction to the psychology of learning and is concerned with the conditions, principles, and theories of learning. Traditional behaviouristic approaches (including Pavlovian and instrumental conditioning) and contemporary learning theories will be covered. The influences of biology and cognitive factors a0.02 495.0701 451.920122.0953 440.4602acto

M: Course Objectives / Learning Outcomes:

At the conclusion of the course the successful student will be able to:

- List the major historical figures in the history of the psychology of learning and describe their contributions.
- 2. Define learning and list the various types of learning included in the definition.
- 3. List the major traditional and contemporary theoretical approaches in the psychology of learning.
- 4. Describe the classical conditioning paradigm and the procedures for acquisition and extinction.
- 5. Explain how the principles of Pavlovian Conditioning can be applied in clinical and other settings.
- 6. Describe Instrumental Conditioning procedures and the effects of various schedules of reinforcement.
- 7. Discuss the effects on behaviour of positive reinforcement, negative reinforcement, positive and negative punishment.
- 8. Explain how the principles of instrumental conditioning can be applied to practical settings.
- 9. Define generalization and discrimination and describe the major paradigms and phenomena associated with these processes.
- 10. Explain the major biological constraints on the generality of the laws of learning.
- 11. List and describe the various biological influences on learning such as the Garcia Effect, Seligman's preparedness dimension, animal misbehaviour, sign tracking, imprinting, and species specific defense reactions.
- 12. Discuss the cognitive factors involved in learning and list the major contemporary cognitive theoretical approaches.
- 13. Compare and contrast the traditional behaviourist approach with expectancy theory, Tolman's purposive behaviourism, attribution theory and social learning theory.

N: Course Content:

1. Historical Factors

Behaviourist tradition

Cognitive tradition

Contemporary learning theory

2. <u>Theoretical Approaches</u>

Definition of learning

Evolutionary perspective

Habituation and sensitization

3. Pavlovian Conditioning

Acquisition

Extinction

Applications

Course Content Cont'd.

4. <u>Instrumental Appetitive Conditioning</u> Thorndike's position

Thorndike's position Skinner's behaviourism Acquisition Positive reinforcement Schedules of reinforcement